



What? Architecture Definition

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Architecture Impetus



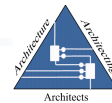
...the dog houses have been built... You can't build a sky rise the way you build a dog house...

Booch, SD'99



Architecture 501

- What is architecture?
 - the set of decisions that an architect makes
- What decisions does the architect make?
 - the architecturally significant ones
- What is architecturally significant?
 - the architect decides



What: System Architecture Eb Rechtin's Definition

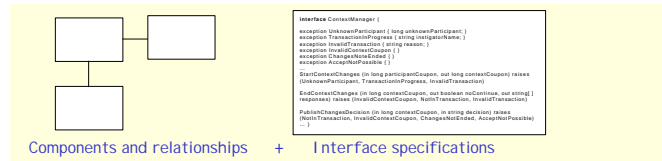
- System
 - "A system is defined ... as a set of different elements so connected or related as to perform a unique function not performable by the elements alone." p7
- Architecture
 - "The term 'architecture' is widely understood and used for what it is--a top-down description of the structure of the system."
 - *Systems Architecting: Creating and building complex systems*, Eberhardt Rechtin, Prentice-Hall, 1991





What: Software Architecture Formal Definition

- “architecture is the structure of the system, comprised of
 - components or building blocks
 - the externally visible properties of those components, and
 - the relationships among them”
 - adapted from Bass, Clements, and Kazman. *Software Architecture in Practice*, Addison-Wesley 1997



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Is the Jar Full?



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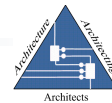


Is the Jar Full Now?



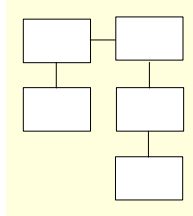
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Architecture Essentials Large Rocks First

- Key idea: *Put the “large rocks” in place first*
- What are the “large rocks”
 - large-grained chunks of the system

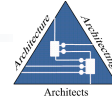


- important properties of the system

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Architecture: More than Decomposition—Do the pieces *fit*?



- Assign world's best engineers to pick best



- engine
- transmission
- suspension
- etc

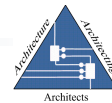


- Can they build the world's best car?



adapted from Russ Ackoff

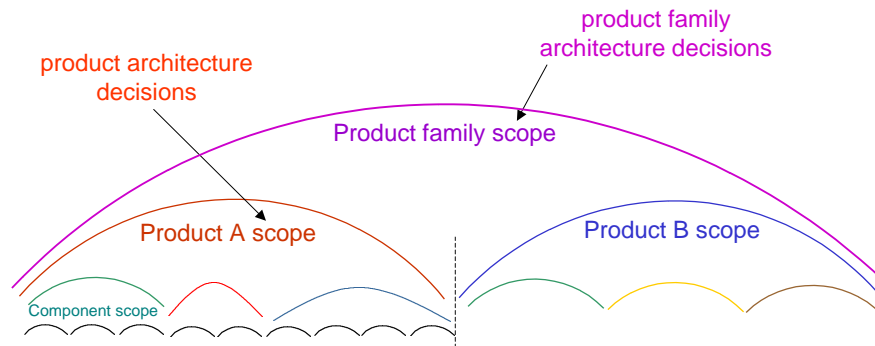
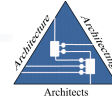
Architectural Perspective



- *System integrity can't be achieved bottom-up*
 - if you optimize the parts, you *will* compromise the whole
- You need a system-wide perspective to
 - address cross-cutting concerns
 - design architectural mechanisms to address the system properties
 - make the tradeoffs necessary to ensure that the important system properties are met
- Architectural decisions optimize the whole
 - making compromises for some of the parts to achieve the overall good of the whole

Architectural Decisions

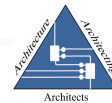
A matter of scope



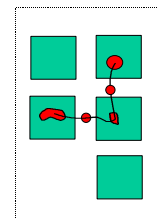
Architecture is the set of decisions that cannot be delegated without compromising overall system objectives.

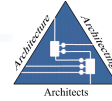
Software Architecture

Key Concerns



- **System decomposition**
 - how do we break the system up into pieces?
 - do we have all the necessary pieces?
 - do the pieces *fit* together?
- + **Cross-cutting concerns**
 - broad-scoped qualities or properties of the system
 - tradeoffs among the qualities
- + **System integrity**



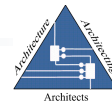


Software Architecture Key Concerns

- System decomposition
 - Cross-cutting concerns
 - System integrity
- and*
- Alignment with business
 - with business strategy
 - with business environment
 - legacy and existing investments
 - organizational capabilities and culture
 - with customers and channel
 - System evolution
 - Architectures are long-lived!
 - they must provide the blueprint for implementing today's strategy, *and*
 - they must be able to evolve, because the business strategy *will* change (with increasing frequency)!

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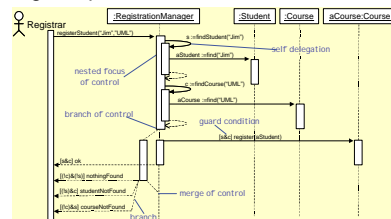
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Architecture Representation

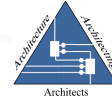
- Architecture models
 - thinking tools
 - explore alternatives and ideas (more cheaply than prototyping or trial by building the system)
 - e.g., find interface operations by exploring component collaborations
 - document the architecture
 - descriptive or prescriptive
 - communicate the architecture
 - help visualize the system
- Architecture documentation
 - architecture models

+ *rationale, assumptions, explanations, implications*



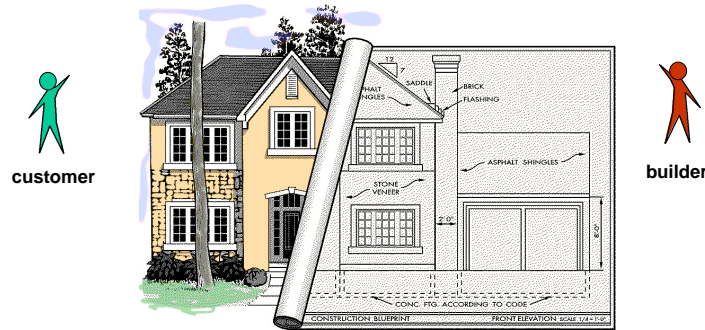
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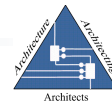
Architecture Views

- Different audiences have different information needs



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What Do You Get From This? What Does Your Manager Get?

```

interface ContextManager {
  exception UnknownParticipant { long unknownParticipant; }
  exception TransactionInProgress { string instigatorName; }
  exception InvalidTransaction { string reason; }
  exception InvalidContextCoupon { }
  exception ChangesNoteEnded { }
  exception AcceptNotPossible { }
  ...
  StartContextChanges (in long participantCoupon, out long contextCoupon) raises
  (UnknownParticipant, TransactionInProgress, InvalidTransaction)

  EndContextChanges (in long contextCoupon, out boolean noContinue, out string[ ]
  responses) raises (InvalidContextCoupon, NotInTransaction, InvalidTransaction)

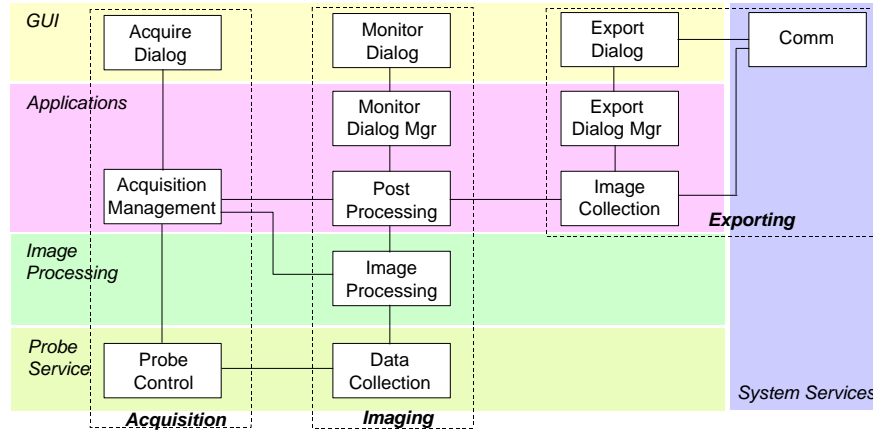
  PublishChangesDecision (in long contextCoupon, in string decision) raises
  (NotInTransaction, InvalidContextCoupon, ChangesNotEnded, AcceptNotPossible)
  ... }
  
```

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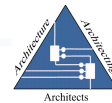


What Do You Get From This? What Does Your Manager Get?

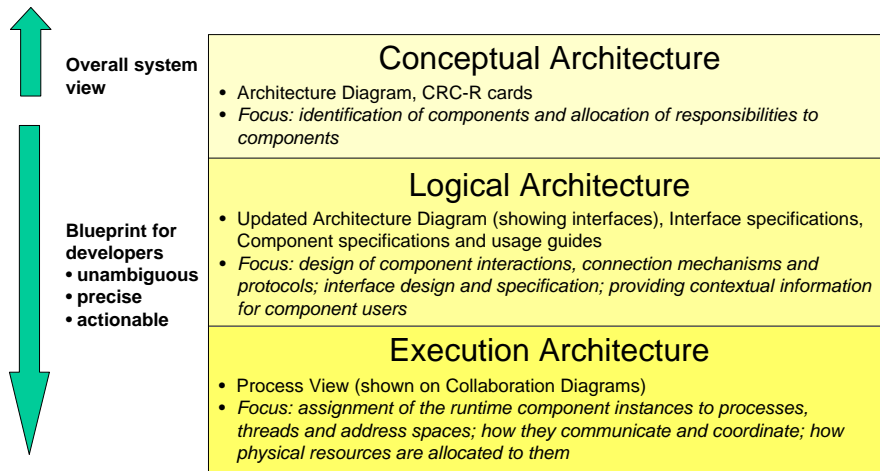


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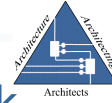


Software Architecture Views



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Architecture Decision Framework

guide
architects



Meta-Architecture

- Architectural vision, principles, styles, key concepts and mechanisms
- *Focus: high-level decisions that will strongly influence the structure of the system; rules certain structural choices out, and guides selection decisions and tradeoffs among others*

Architecture

- Structures and relationships, static and dynamic views, assumptions and rationale
- *Focus: decomposition and allocation of responsibility, interface design, assignment to processes and threads*

Conceptual Architecture

Logical Architecture

Execution Architecture

guide
designers



Architecture Guidelines and Policies

- Use model and guidelines; policies, mechanisms and design patterns; frameworks, infrastructure and standards
- *Focus: guide engineers in creating designs that maintain the integrity of the architecture*

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Architecture Decisions Not Simply an Matter of Abstraction

- Some Software Architecture decisions will be very high level, and some may be quite detailed and “low level”
 - Some architectural objectives can be achieved by Meta-Architecture (e.g., an Architectural Principle) alone
 - Some architectural objectives must be solved by working together at the product family level on quite detailed aspects of the system, e.g.,
 - components and interfaces at the interface between interoperating applications (e.g., CCOW for context management)
 - standards to allow interoperability, information sharing, and convergence of the infrastructure to support these

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Minimalist Architecture

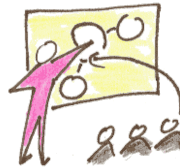
- **Minimalist Architecture Principle:** Keep your architecture decision set as small as it possibly can be, while still meeting your architectural objectives

See Ruth Malan and Dana Bredemeyer, "Less is More With Minimalist Architecture," *IT Professional*, IEEE, September 2002.
http://www.bredemeyer.com/pdf_files/MinimalistArchitecture.PDF

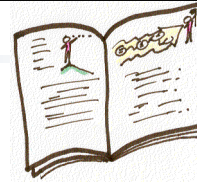


Review

- We have covered
 - *What* architecture is
 - Building blocks of the system, their externally visible properties and relationships to each other and the environment
 - Our Architecture Decision Framework
 - layered decision model, consisting of Meta-Architecture, Architecture and Architectural Guidelines and Policies
 - Architecture is represented through views
 - Conceptual, Logical, Execution Architecture
 - other views as appropriate to cross-cutting concerns, e.g., security view



Architecture Book

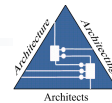


- **Software Architecture Action Guide**
by Malan, Ruth and Dana Bredemeyer, see *draft chapters* at
<http://www.bredemeyer.com/ArchitectingProcess/SWAAActionGuideTOC.htm>

Part I: Software Architecture and the Visual Architecting Process

1. [Software Architecture: Central Concerns, Key Decisions](#)
2. [The Visual Architecting Process: Good, Right and Successful](#)
3. [Initiate and Gain Commitment: Getting Started](#)
4. [Meta-Architecture: Getting Strategic](#)
5. [Conceptual Architecture: Getting the Big Chunks Right](#)
6. [Logical Architecture: Getting Precise, Making Actionable](#)
7. [Execution Architecture: Getting Physical](#)
8. [Architecture Guideline and Policies: Getting Specific](#)
9. [Architecture Deployment: Getting Real](#)

Resources



- **Resources for Software Architects web site**
 - <http://www.bredemeyer.com>
- **Training from Bredemeyer Consulting**
 - **Role of the Architect** Workshop, Bloomington, IN, May 26-28, 2005
 - **Software Architecture Workshop**, Indianapolis, IN, September 26-29, 2005